



Objectives

- Explain the concept of medical training portfolio
- Itemize the components of medical training portfolio
- Aware of WACP Faculty of Family Medicine E-Portfolio
- List the expected outcomes of medical training portfolio

Outline



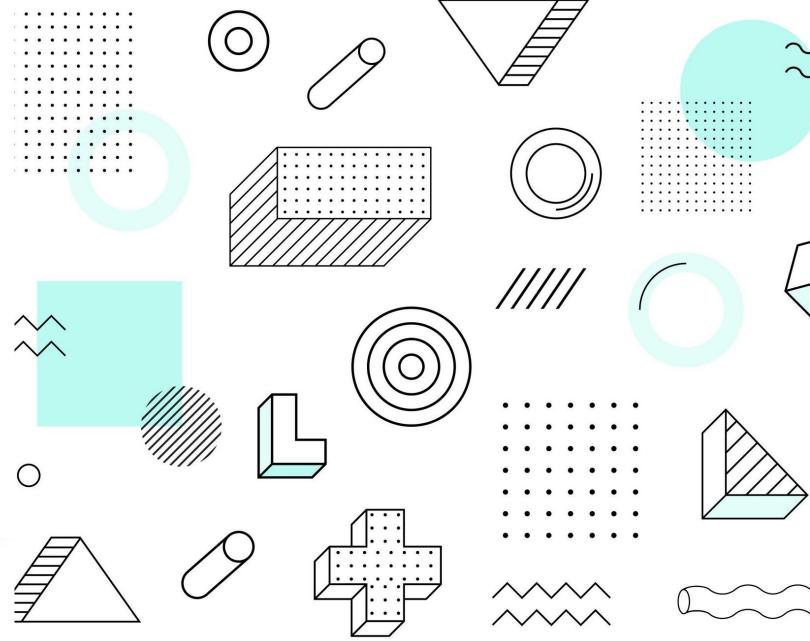
- Introduction
- Definition
- Principles
- Purpose
- Components
- Outcomes
- Conclusion



Introduction

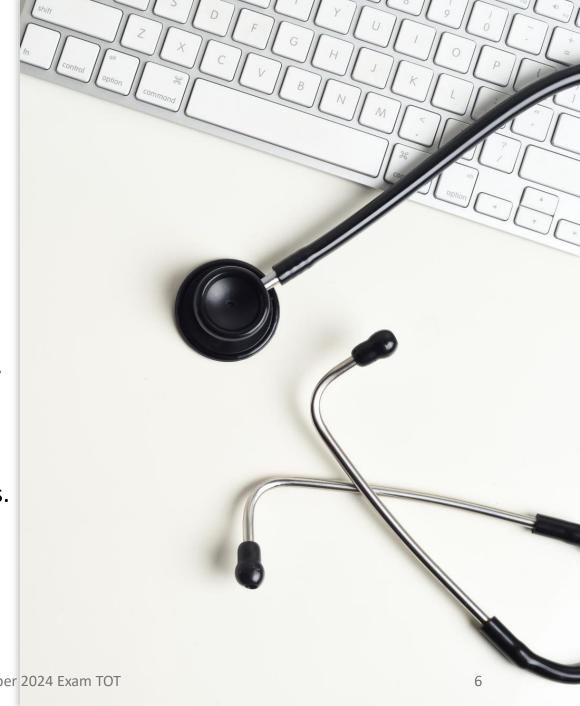
- A medical training portfolio is a comprehensive collection of evidence documenting a learner's achievements, experiences, and reflections throughout their medical education.
- It serves as a critical tool in professional development, providing a structured way to track progress, assess competencies, and demonstrate readiness for various stages of a medical career.

Concepts of a Medical Training Portfolio



Definition

- A medical training portfolio is an organized record of learning, reflecting the experiences, skills, and competencies acquired by a medical trainee.
- It integrates various forms of evidence to demonstrate progress and proficiency in both clinical and non-clinical areas.



Core Principles

- Individualized Learning: Portfolios are personalized, reflecting the unique experiences and learning pathways of each trainee.
- Comprehensive Documentation: They provide a holistic view of a trainee's progress, combining quantitative and qualitative data.
- Dynamic and Evolving: Portfolios are living documents that evolve as the trainee progresses through their medical education.



Purpose

- Assessment and Evaluation: Portfolios are used by educators to assess the ongoing development of a trainee, identifying strengths and areas for improvement.
- Reflective Practice: It encourages self-reflection, allowing trainees to critically analyze their experiences and learning process.
- Career Development: The portfolio can be used to support applications for jobs, promotions, or further training, showcasing the learner's achievements and competencies.
- Lifelong Learning: It instills a habit of continuous learning and self-improvement, which is essential in the ever-evolving field of medicine.

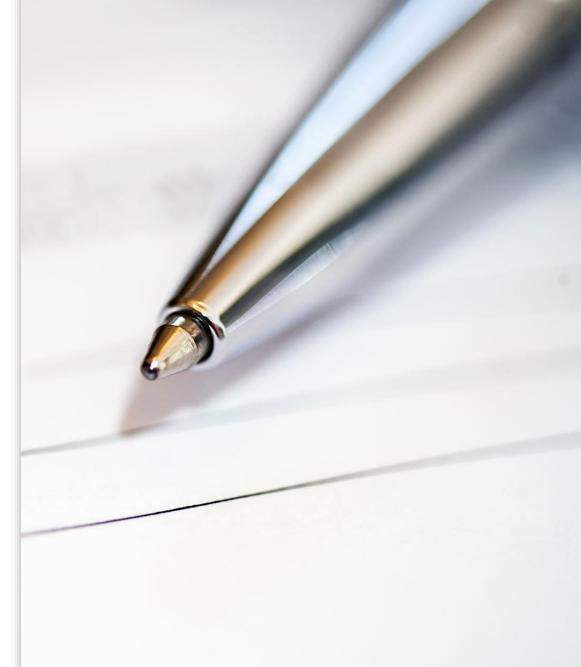


Components of a Medical Training Portfolio



Personal and Professional Details

- Personal Statement: A reflective statement outlining the trainee's motivations, career goals, and learning objectives.
- Curriculum Vitae (CV): A detailed CV including educational background, work experience, and any relevant certifications.



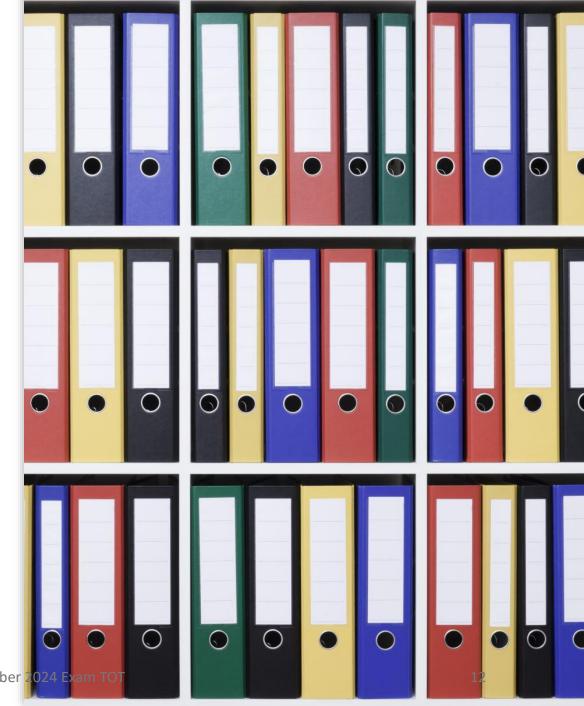
Learning Objectives and Competencies

- Mapped Learning Outcomes: Clear documentation of learning objectives aligned with the curriculum or professional competencies.
- **Competency Frameworks:** A reference to the competencies expected at various stages of training, such as clinical skills, communication, professionalism, and leadership.



Clinical Experience

- **Logbook of Cases:** A detailed record of clinical cases encountered, including diagnoses, procedures, and outcomes.
- **Procedural Skills Log:** Documentation of hands-on experience with medical procedures, including the level of supervision and competency achieved.
- **Rotations and Placements:** Evidence of completed clinical rotations, with feedback from supervisors.



Reflective Practice

- **Reflection Entries:** Regular reflective writing on clinical experiences, challenges faced, and lessons learned.
- **Self-Assessment:** Critical evaluation of one's own progress, identifying areas of strength and those requiring improvement.
- **Peer and Supervisor's Formative Assessment** Feedback: Incorporation of feedback from peers, mentors, and supervisors to guide further learning- MSF, MiniCEx, Presentation Skills, DOPS, SEA, Communication Skills etc





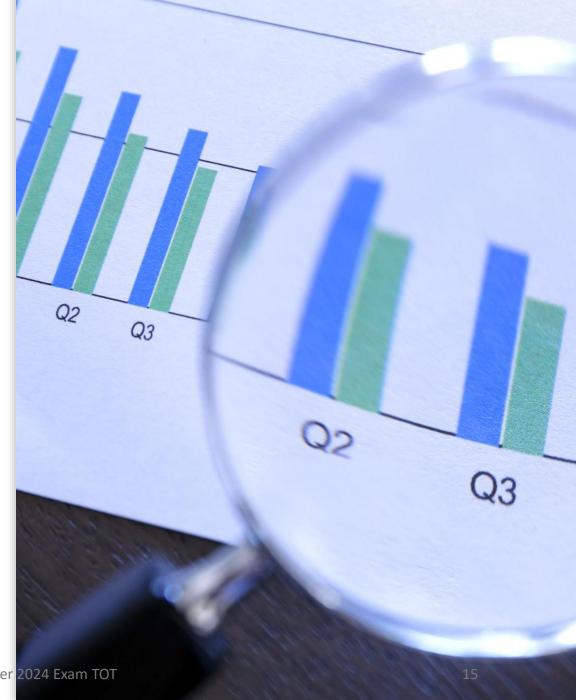
Academic and Research Activities

- Research Projects: Documentation of involvement in research, including published papers, presentations, and posters.
- Continuing Medical Education (CME): Record of attendance at conferences, workshops, and other CME activities.
- Teaching Experience: Evidence of teaching or mentoring roles, including feedback from learners.

Quality Improvement and Audits

Quality Improvement Projects: Documentation of involvement in clinical audits or quality improvement initiatives.

Outcomes and Reflections: Reflection on the impact of these projects on patient care and personal learning



Assessments and Exams

- Exam Results: Record of performance in formative and summative assessments.
- Supervisor Reports: Regular evaluations from supervisors, assessing clinical and non-clinical competencies.
- Multi-Source Feedback (MSF): 360-degree feedback from colleagues, patients, and other healthcare professionals.



Certificates and Awards

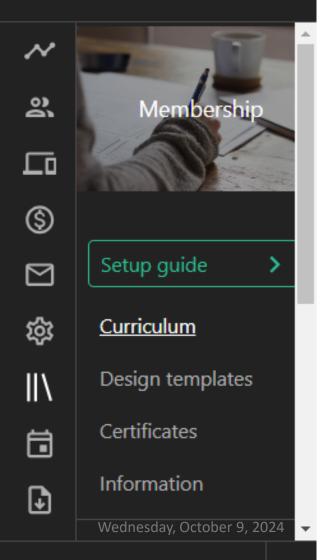
- Certifications: Copies of certificates for completed courses, workshops, and additional qualifications.
- Awards and Honors: Documentation of any awards or honors received during training.





WACP Faculty of Family Medicine E-Portfolio

West African College of Physicians Faculty of Family Medicine E-Learning Courses



E-PORTFOLIO OF LEARNING

- <u>Preliminary</u>
- 1 PDF

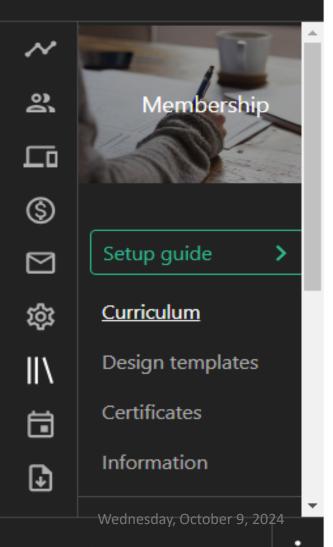
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- Content
 - 1 PDF
- Section 1: Introduction to the e-portfolio
 - 1 PDF
- A guide to learning styles
 - 1 PDF
- Section 2: Expected Learning Outcomes to be Assessed in the e-portfolio
 - 1 PDF
- Section 3: Learning Plans and Clinical Rotation
 - 1 PDF
- :: Downloadable and printable assessment forms

Gbenga Ogunfowokan WACP October 2024 Exam TOT

West African College of Physicians Faculty of Family Medicine E-Learning Courses



Section 4: Record of educational meetings with supervisor ::: 1 PDF <u>Downloadable and printable forms</u> 3 PDFs Section 5: Performance by resident and observation by supervisor 1 PDF <u>Downloadable and printable assessment forms</u> 5 PDFs Section 6: Written Assignments 1 PDF Section 7: Logbook 2 PDFs <u>Section 8: Certification of Training in Emergency Medicine</u> 1 PDF <u>Section 9: Professional and scientific meetings</u> :: 1 PDF Gbenga Ogunfowokan WACP October 2024 Exam TOT 20 Section 10: Annual Assessment

Expected Outcomes

Expected outcomes

- Demonstration of Competency: The portfolio should clearly demonstrate that the trainee has met the required competencies for their level of training. This includes clinical skills, communication, professionalism, ethical practice. Clinical Research. Medical Education, Health Administration, Management and Leadership
- to develop a deeper understanding of their strengths and areas for improvement through regular reflective practice, leading to personal and professional growth.
- Improved Learning and Performance: By identifying gaps in knowledge and skills, the portfolio helps guide targeted learning, ultimately leading to improved clinical performance and patient care.



Expected Outcomes

- Career Advancement: A well-maintained portfolio can be a valuable asset in job applications, specialty training programs, and professional advancement, demonstrating the trainee's commitment to continuous learning and excellence in medicine.
- Contribution to Quality Improvement: Participation in quality improvement projects documented in the portfolio should reflect the trainee's ability to contribute to better patient outcomes and healthcare processes.
- Lifelong Learning Habits: The habit of maintaining a portfolio fosters a culture of lifelong learning, critical for adapting to new challenges and advancements in the medical field.





Conclusion

- The medical training portfolio is more than just a collection of documents; it is a powerful tool that encapsulates a trainee's journey through medical education.
- By effectively utilizing this tool, medical professionals can not only demonstrate their competencies but also engage in meaningful self-reflection, continuous learning, and professional development.
- The portfolio serves as both a mirror of past achievements and a roadmap for future growth in the dynamic and demanding world of healthcare.

References

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